Environmental Protection Agency

- (5) Crown-Zellerbach at St. Francisville, La.
- (6) Georgia-Pacific at Port Hudson, La.
- (7) International Paper at Bastrop, La.
 - (8) Olinkraft at West Monroe, La.
 - (9) Pineville Kraft at Pineville, La.
 - (10) Western Kraft at Compte, La.

[47 FR 20493, May 12, 1982]

§62.4630 Effective date.

The effective date of the portion of the plan applicable to kraft pulp mills is July 12, 1982.

[47 FR 20493, May 12, 1982]

LANDFILL GAS EMISSIONS FROM EXIST-ING MUNICIPAL SOLID WASTE LAND-FILLS

62.4631 Identification of Sources.

The plan applies to all existing municipal solid waste landfills with design capacities greater than 2.5 million megagrams and non-methane organic emissions greater than 50 megagrams per year as described in 40 CFR part 60, subpart Cc.

[62 FR 54591, Oct. 21, 1997]

62.4632 Effective Date.

The effective date of the portion of the plan applicable to existing municipal solid waste landfills is October 28, 1997.

[62 FR 54591, Oct. 21, 1997]

AIR EMISSIONS FROM HAZARDOUS/MED-ICAL/INFECTIOUS WASTE INCINERATORS

§62.4633 Identification of sources.

The plan applies to existing hazardous/medical/infectious waste incinerators for which construction, reconstruction, or modification was commenced before June 20, 1996, as described in 40 CFR part 60, subpart Ce.

[64 FR 32433, June 17, 1999]

EFFECTIVE DATE

§ 62.4634 Effective date.

The effective date for the portion of the plan applicable to existing hazardous/medical/infectious waste incinerators is August 16, 1999.

[64 FR 32433, June 17, 1999]

EMISSIONS FROM EXISTING MUNICIPAL WASTE COMBUSTORS WITH THE CAPACITY TO BURN GREATER THAN 250 TONS PER DAY OF MUNICIPAL SOLID WASTE

§ 62.4650 Identification of plan—negative declaration.

Letter From the Department of Environmental Quality submitted May 21, 1996 certifying that there are no existing municipal waste combustor units in the State of Louisiana that are subject to part 60, subpart Cb, of this chapter.

[65 FR 33466, May 24, 2000]

EFFECTIVE DATE NOTE: At 65 FR 33466, May 24, 2000, §62.4650 was added, effective July 24, 2000

Subpart U—Maine

PLAN FOR THE CONTROL OF DESIGNATED POLLUTANTS FROM EXISTING FACILITIES (SECTION 111(d) PLAN)

§ 62.4845 Identification of plan.

- (a) *Identification of plan.* Maine Plan for the Control of Designated Pollutants from Existing Plants (Section 111(d) Plan).
- (b) The plan was officially submitted as follows:
- (1) Control of sulfuric acid mist emissions from existing sulfuric acid production units, submitted on November 10, 1088
- (2) Control of total reduced sulfur (TRS) emissions from existing kraft pulp mills, submitted on February 15, 1990.
- (3) A revision to the plan to control TRS from existing kraft pulp mills, which extends the final compliance date for brown stock washers to January 1, 1997, was submitted on April 27, 1994.
- (4) Control of metals, acid gases, organic compounds and nitrogen oxide emissions from existing municipal waste combustors, submitted on April 15, 1998.
- (c) Designated facilities. The plan applies to existing facilities in the following categories of sources:

§ 62.4875

- (1) Sulfuric acid plants.
- (2) Kraft pulp mills.
- (3) Existing municipal waste combustors.

[54 FR 22896, May 30, 1989, as amended at 55 FR 38548, Sept. 19, 1990; 59 FR 50507, Oct. 4, 1994; 63 FR 68397, Dec. 11, 1998]

FLUORIDE EMISSIONS FROM EXISTING PRIMARY ALUMINUM PLANTS

§ 62.4875 Identification of sources negative declaration.

The State Department of Environmental Protection submitted on October 3, 1988, a letter certifying that there are no existing primary aluminum reduction plants in the State subject to part 60, subpart B of this chapter.

[54 FR 9046 Mar. 3, 1989]

SULFURIC ACID MIST FROM EXISTING SULFURIC ACID PLANTS

§62.4900 Identification of sources.

The plan applies to the following existing sulfuric acid plants:

(a) Delta Chemical in Searsport, Maine.

[54 FR 22896, May 30, 1989]

TOTAL REDUCED SULFUR FROM EXISTING KRAFT PULP MILLS

§ 62.4925 Identification of sources.

- (a) The plan applies to the following existing kraft pulp mills:
- (1) International Paper Company in Jay.
- (2) S.D. Warren Company ir Westbrook.
 - (3) Boise Cascade in Rumford.
- (4) James River Corporation in Old Town.
- (5) Georgia-Pacific Corporation in Woodland.
- (6) Lincoln Pulp and Paper Company in Lincoln.

[55 FR 38548, Sept. 19, 1990]

FLUORIDE EMISSIONS FROM PHOSPHATE
FERTILIZER PLANTS

§62.4950 Identification of plan—negative declaration.

The State Department of Environmental Protection submitted on April 19, 1978, a letter certifying that there are no existing phosphate fertilizer plants in the state subject to part 60, subpart B of this chapter.

[44 FR 54052, Sept 18, 1979. Redesignated at 54 FR 22896, May 30, 1989]

METALS, ACID GASES, ORGANIC COM-POUNDS AND NITROGEN OXIDE EMIS-SIONS FROM EXISTING MUNICIPAL WASTE COMBUSTORS WITH THE CAPAC-ITY TO COMBUST GREATER THAN 250 TONS PER DAY OF MUNICIPAL SOLID WASTE

§62.4975 Identification of sources.

The plan applies to the following existing municipal waste combustor facilities:

- (a) Penobscot Energy Recovery Company, Orrington, Maine.
- (b) Maine Energy Recovery Company, Biddeford, Maine.
- (c) Regional Waste Systems, Inc., Portland, Maine.

[63 FR 68397, Dec. 11, 1998]

Subpart V—Maryland

AUTHORITY: Clean Air Act, sec. 111(d).

Source: 49 FR 8613, Mar. 8, 1984, unless otherwise noted.

PLAN FOR CONTROL OF DESIGNATED POL-LUTANTS FROM EXISTING FACILITIES (SECTION 111(d) PLAN)

§62.5100 Identification of plan.

- (a) *Identification of plan.* Maryland Plan for Control Designated Pollutants from Existing Facilities (Section 111(d) plan).
- (b) The plan was officially submitted as follows:
- (1) Control of sulfuric acid mist from sulfuric acid plants, submitted by the Secretary of Health and Mental Hygiene, State of Maryland on August 30, 1978.
- (2) Control of TRS emissions from kraft pulp mills, submitted by the Governor of Maryland on May 18, 1981, and approval of a compliance schedule, submitted by the State of Maryland on September 24, 1982.
- (3) Control of fluoride emissions from primary aluminum reduction plants, submitted by the Secretary of Health